

# 镍基 Ni-Ag 复合纳米粒子直流 电弧等离子体法制备及其 烧结电学性能

Preparation of nickel-based Ni-Ag composite  
nanoparticles synthesized by DC arc-discharge  
plasma method and its sintering  
electrical properties

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**摘要:** 采用直流电弧放电等离子体法, 以 Ni 和 Ag 为靶材, 制备了 Ni-Ag 复合纳米粒子。通过 XRD、SEM 等手段对纳米粒子的形貌和成分进行了表征。结果表明, 制备的 Ni-Ag 复合纳米粒子粒径在 30~70 nm 之间, 且分布较窄。将纳米粒子粉末在 25 MPa 压力下压片, 测得其电阻率为  $5.36 \times 10^{-5} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ 。将纳米粒子作为导电浆料的添加剂, 在 Ar 气氛下烧结。随着烧结温度的升高, 浆料的电阻率显著降低。在 450 °C 下烧结的浆料电阻率降至  $1.83 \times 10^{-3} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ , 远低于纯 Ni 纳米粒子的电阻率。

**关键词:** 直流电弧放电; 等离子体; Ni-Ag 复合纳米粒子; 电学性能; 烧结

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**Abstract:** Ni-Ag nanoparticles were prepared by DC arc-discharge plasma method, using the compacted micron-sized powders of Ni and Ag as the raw targets. The content of Ni in Ni-Ag nanoparticles samples was 70.54% (mass fraction). The particles' sizes were mainly in range of 30-70 nm. The results indicate that the resistivity of compressed Ni-Ag powders has low resistivity of  $5.36 \times 10^{-5} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ . The conductive ink is prepared by using of Ni-Ag nanoparticles (70.54% of Ni) as the additive. An ink line is drew on a polyimide sheet matrix, subsequently dried and sintered at elevated temperatures under protective atmosphere of Ar. The electrical property testing results of sintering samples show dense structure and good conductivity over 300 °C. It is indicated that the resistivity of the sintered sample declines with the temperature rising, *i. e.*  $1.83 \times 10^{-3} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$  at sintering temperature of 450 °C which is much lower than that of the ink line of pure Ni nanoparticles.

**Key words:** DC arc-discharge; plasma; Ni-Ag composite nanoparticle; electrical conductivity; compressed sheet; sintering



TGA-DTA ; SUPARR 55 ,

2 结果与分析

2.1 Ni-Ag 复合纳米粒子结构与形貌

1 Ni-Ag X EDS 。 1(a) ,Ni (PDF04-0850) Ag , Ni 。 44.36°,52.00° 75.52°, Ni (111), (200) (220) 。 Ag ,

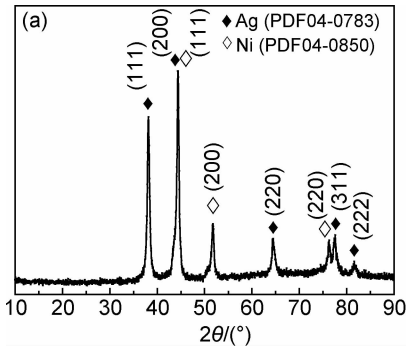
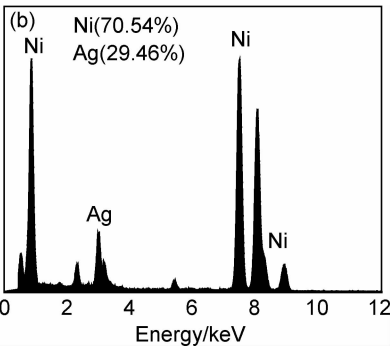


Fig. 1 XRD pattern(a) and EDS spectrum(b) of Ni-Ag composite nanoparticles

38.16°,44.36°,64.52°,77.52° 81.60°, Ag (111),(200),(220),(311) (222) 。 1(b) ,Ni 70.54% Ag 29.46%, Ni 。

XRD , Ag Ni , Ag Ni 。 Ag Ni 0.144 nm 0.125 nm, 。 XRD , Ag Ni 。



Ag Ni , (111) , 1 。 Ni Ag , Ni Ag , 。

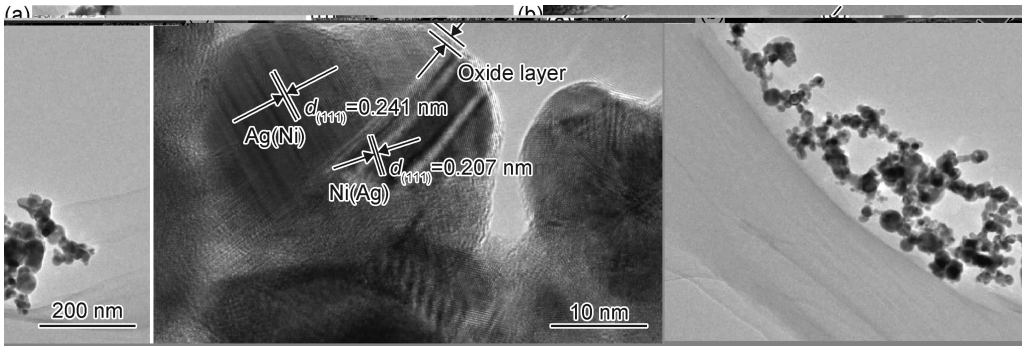
表 1 块体材料与纳米粒子中 Ni,Ag 相晶格常数对比  
Table 1 Comparison of the lattice constants(a) of Ni and Ag phases in bulk and nanoparticles products

Phase	a in bulk/nm	a in nanoparticles/nm
Ni	0.410	0.592
Ag	0.306	0.589

2 Ni-Ag TEM 。 30~70 nm 。 HRTEM , (111) Ni Ag , XRD , Ni(Ag) , Ag(Ni) ,

2.2 Ni-Ag 复合纳米粒子压片电阻率

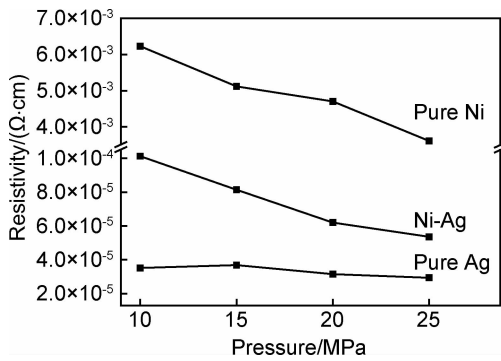
Ni-Ag Ni,Ag , 3 。 10 MPa , Ni(6.23×10<sup>-3</sup> Ω·cm)、Ni-Ag (1.01×10<sup>-4</sup> Ω·cm)、Ag (3.52×10<sup>-5</sup> Ω·cm), Ni-Ag Ag 3 , Ni , Ag Ni-Ag 。 60% (25 MPa , Ni-Ag 5.36×10<sup>-5</sup> Ω·cm), , Ni Ni-Ag , , , , ,



2 Ni-Ag

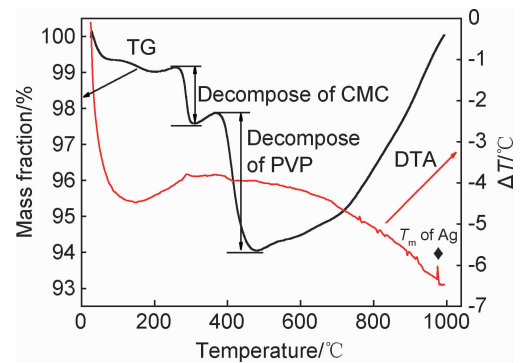
TEM(a) HRTEM (b)

Fig. 2 TEM(a) and HRTEM images(b) of Ni-Ag composite nanoparticles



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Fig. 3 Resistivity of the sheets at different pressures



4 Ni-Ag

DTA/TG

Fig. 4 DTA/TG curves of Ni-Ag NPs' ink after drying at room temperature

### 2.3 Ni-Ag 纳米粒子墨水及其烧结体电阻率

Ni-Ag

200 °C ,

CMC PVP ,

$1.0 \times 10^4 \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ ,

250 °C ,

300 °C , Ni-Ag

$5.06 \times 10^{-2} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ ,

CMC ,

450 °C , PVP

263 ~ 303 °C ,

288 °C ,

(CMC) ; 387 ~ 496 °C

DTA 413 °C

(PVP)

500 °C ,

974 °C , Ag

Ni-Ag Ni

5

$1.84 \times 10^{-3} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$  Ni

450 °C

Ag

$2.37 \times 10^{-2} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$  Ni-Ag

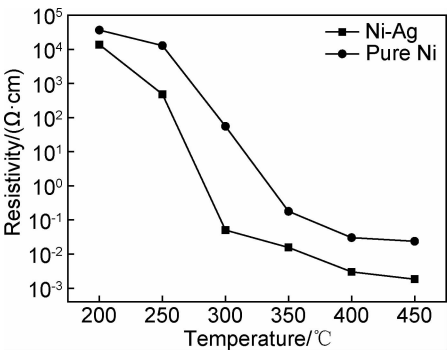
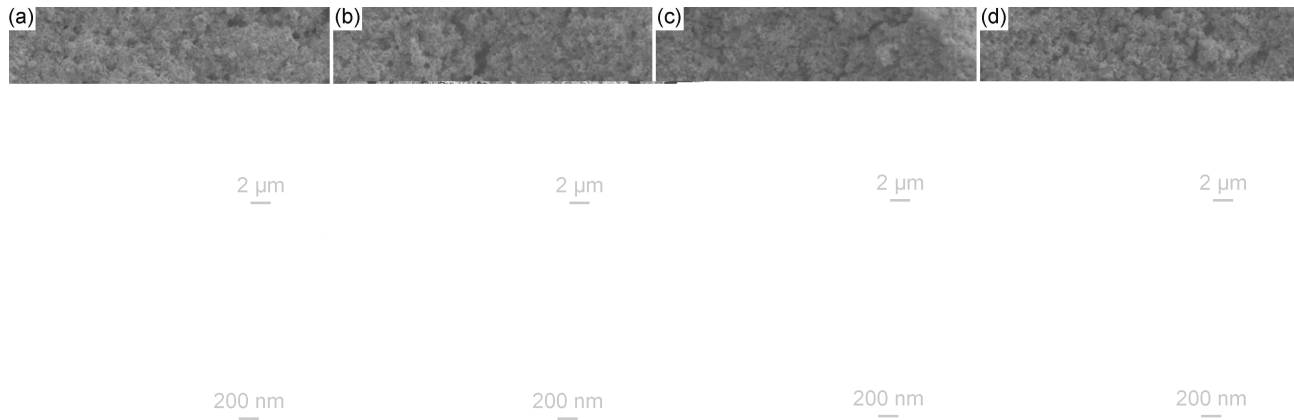


Fig. 5 Resistivity *via* sintering temperature for the dried inks of Ni-Ag and pure Ni nanoparticles



Morphologies of Ni-Ag nanoparticles ink sintered at different temperatures (a)200 °C;(b)250 °C;(c)300 °C;(d)400 °C

3 结论

- (1) Ni-Ag nanoparticles (30~70 nm) sintered at 400 °C, resistivity is 1.84×10<sup>-3</sup> Ω·cm.
- (2) Ni-Ag nanoparticles (70.54% Ni) sintered at 250 °C, resistivity is 5.36×10<sup>-5</sup> Ω·cm.
- (3) Ni-Ag nanoparticles sintered at 200 °C, resistivity is 1.0×10<sup>4</sup> Ω·cm.

2.4 Ni-Ag 纳米粒子烧结体微观组织与形貌

SEM images of Ni-Ag nanoparticles sintered at 200 °C, 250 °C, 300 °C, and 400 °C. The images show the morphology of the nanoparticles at different sintering temperatures.

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